



DRUPALCON VIENNA

PHP 7+

The why's and the how's

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Hallo!





Ayesh Karunaratne

- “Ayesh” on drupal.org and Github
- Drupal.org project review admin
- Drupal Sinhalese translation admin
- Drupal Sri Lanka group admin
- Drupal\Wordress module maintainer



WHY?





PHP 5.2: 2006

PHP 5.3: 2009

PHP 5.4: 2012

PHP 5.5: 2013

PHP 5.6: 2014

PHP 7.0: 2015

PHP 7.1: 2016

PHP 7.2: 2017



If it works, why bother?



PHP 7 is faster.

WordPress / wordpress-develop

build passing

Current Branches Build History Pull Requests More options

Build Jobs

✓ # 994.2	⌚ PHP: 7.1	5 min 59 sec
✓ # 994.3	⌚ PHP: 7	5 min 57 sec
✓ # 994.4	⌚ PHP: 5.6	13 min 41 sec
✓ # 994.6	⌚ PHP: 5.5	12 min 5 sec



Many popular frameworks require PHP 7.

- Laravel 5.5
- Symfony 4 & components – Twig, console, Finder, etc
- Doctrine 2.8 – PHP 7.1
- PHPUnit 6
- Your packages too.



Require PHP 7 in your projects



Drupal modules

module.info

php=7.0

module.info.yml

php: 7.0



Composer packages

composer.json

```
"require": {  
    "php": "^7.0"  
}
```



Wordpress Plugins

readme.txt

==== Plugin Name ===

Tags: comments, spam

Requires at least: 4.8

Requires PHP: 5.6



Features before PHP 7.0

- Namespaces
- Closures
- Late static binding
- Traits
- Short array syntax
- `finally`
- Generators
- Built-in password hashing



wow

Much OOP

Such typing



PHP 7.0, 7.1, 7.2 in summary

- Parameter and return type improvements.
- Improved exceptions and exception handling.
- Security improvements
- Asynchronous signal handling
- SAPI and legacy extensions removed, new ones added.



Abstract Syntax Tree

- Intermediary structure in compilation process
- Decoupled parser and compiler
- Uniform variable syntax
- AST-based implementations are 10-20% faster
- Uses more memory (~10%)

[https://wiki.php.net/rfc/abstract syntax tree](https://wiki.php.net/rfc/abstract_syntax_tree)



Null coalesce operator

```
if (isset($_GET['foo'])) {  
    return $_GET['foo'];  
}  
return 'default';
```

```
return $_GET['foo'] ?? 'default';
```



Types





Scalar type hints

```
function increase_volume(int $increment) {  
    // do something.  
}
```



Return types

```
function get_score(): int {  
    return 110;  
}
```

- Must return an integer.
- Can't return null.



Void return type (PHP 7.1)

```
function change_something(): void {  
    return;  
}
```

- Must not return anything.
- `return null;` is not allowed.



Nullable Return types (PHP 7.1)

```
function get_score(): ?int {  
    return 110;  
    return null; // or like this  
}
```

- Must return an `integer` or explicit `null`.
- `return;` is not allowed.



Nullable function arguments (7.1)

```
function increase_volume(?int $increment) {  
    // do something.  
}
```

```
increase_volume(); // \ArgumentCountError  
Increase_volume(null); // Works.
```



Iterable pseudo type (PHP 7.1)

```
function iterate(iterable $var) {  
    foreach ($var) {  
        // do something.  
    }  
}
```



Object pseudo type (PHP 7.2)

```
function iterate(object $var) {  
    return $var->key;  
}
```



Exceptions





Exception hierarchy

- New `\Throwable` base interface
- Cannot directly implement `\Throwable`
- Most fatal errors are now catch-able exceptions
- `ParseError`, `TypeError`, etc



Exception hierarchy

\Throwable

\Error

- ArithmeticError
- DivisionByZeroError
- AssertionError
- ParseError
- TypeError
- ArgumentCountError

\Exception

- ErrorException
- LogicException ...
- RuntimeException



Catch multiple exceptions (PHP 7.1)

```
try {
    something_nasty();
}
catch (\PDOException | \FooExceotion) {
    // deal with this.
}
```

Be considerate.



OOP Improvements





Anonymous classes

```
$foo = new class extends someClass implements someThingElse{  
    public function bar() {}  
}
```

- Quick mockups in tests
- Cleaner closures



Class constant visibility

```
Class Foo {  
    private const BAR = 'baz'  
}
```





Parameter no-type variance (PHP 7.2)

```
class Foo {  
    public function setId(int $id) {}  
}
```

```
class Bar extends Foo {  
    public function setId($id) {}  
}
```



Security





CSPRNG

Cryptographically Secure Pseudo Random Number Generator

- `random_int()`
- `random_bytes()`



Filtered unserialize()

Prevent unserialize() function from instantiating classes or whitelist certain classes.

```
unserialize(['allowed_classes' => false]);
```

No not pass user-input to unserialize() even with this!



Deprecations & Removals





Removed extensions

- `mysql` – Old and insecure
- `mcrypt` – Not maintained for years
- `ereg` – Replaced with `preg_*`.
- `call_user_method()`, `call_user_method_array()` - Use `call_user_func()`, `call_user_func_array()`, or variadic parameters.



Deprecations

- Accessing variables without `$` sign.
- `__autoload()` – Use SPL autoloader.
- `count($var)` on uncountable variables.
- `each()` – Use `foreach()`, `key()`, or `current()`.
- `create_function()` – Use closures.



More!





Uniform Variable Syntax

\$foo->\$bar['baz']->something[0]->something_else

(\$foo)
 (\$bar)
 ('baz')
 (something)
 (0)
 (something_else)

Always left to right
Use {curly braces}.



Asynchronous signal handling (7.1)

For command-line executions

```
declare(ticks = 1);
pcntl_signal(SIGTERM, function ($signal) {
    echo 'Good bye';
});
```

--

```
pcntl_async_signals(true);
pcntl_signal(SIGTERM, function ($signal) {
    echo 'Good bye';
});
```



Danke.
Fragen?



JOIN US FOR CONTRIBUTION SPRINT

Friday, 29 September, 2017

Mentored
Core Sprint

9:00-18:00
Room: Stolz
2

First time
Sprinter Workshop

9:00-12:00
Room: Lehar 1 - Lehar
2

General Sprint

9:00-18:00
Room: Mall

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WHAT DID YOU THINK?

Locate this session at the DrupalCon Vienna website:

<http://vienna2017.drupal.org/schedule>

Take the survey!

<https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/drupalconvienna>

